ANIMALS including Humans KNOWLEDGE ORGANISER

What you should already know...



-Animals can be split into different groups (e.g. birds/fish & carnivores/omnivores)

-All animals have basic needs that have to be met in order for them to survive: water, food, shelter, oxygen, temperature

-Animals have different stages in their lives – birth, growth, reproduction and death.

-Humans (and most other animals) need to stay healthy, by exercising, eating a balanced diet, and being hygienic.

Nourishment





plants do.

-Therefore, plants are called producers and animals are called consumers.

-The different nutrients that animals aet depends on their diet. For example, a cheetah gets lots of protein in its diet because it is a carnivore (eats meat).

Types of Nutrition



Mouse

Carbohydrates

-Carbohydrates give the consumer energy.

-Foods that have lots of carbohydrates in are often called 'starchy' foods.

-Carbohydrate-rich foods include pasta, rice, oats, breads, breakfast cereals and barley.

Protein	Fat 💦 🗤
-Protein helps the body (especially the muscles) to <u>repair itself.</u>	-Fats also give consumers lots of <u>energy.</u> However, too much fat is not healthy!
-Protein-rich foods include meat, eggs & nuts.	-Butter, cakes & fast food contain lots of fat.
🖕 🥶 🚓 🌪 Fibre	Vitamins and Minerals
-Fibre helps our <u>digestive</u> systems to work well.	-There are many different
	perform hundreds of roles in the body.
-Fibre is often found in high-carboydrate foods like bread, cereal, potatoes, and some fruits.	Fruit and vegetables are vitamin/mineral-rich.

Skeleton

-Humans (and many other animals) have a system of bones called a skeleton.

-Skeletons help to support your body – they give it its shape.

-Skeletons are also important for movement. Muscles are attached to bones.

-Finally, skeletons help to protect important parts of the body. E.g. the ribs protect the heart and lungs.



0.004kg per day

Deer 4kg per day **Amounts of Nutrition**

Tiae 15kg per day





-Unlike plants, animals cannot create their own food. They get nutrition from what they eat.

-This is because animals do not have chlorophyll, or chloroplasts in their cells, like

Muscular System

-Humans (and many other animals) also have a system of muscles in their bodies.

-The main purpose of muscles is for movement. As they contract, muscles move parts of the body around.

-Muscles are also important for maintaining posture, helping humans/ animals to sit, stand, and walk.

-Some muscles (e.g. the heart) move by themselves - they are involuntary.

Blue Whale 3,500kg per day